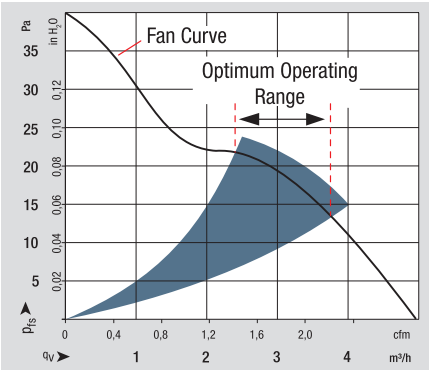
Definitions

Nominal voltage [volts]
The voltage at which the nominal values (the table values listed in this catalog) were determined. The fan operation for DC fans is not limited to the nominal voltage. Fan speed and fan performance can vary according to the admissible voltage range that is specified on the nameplate of each fan. Please note that this is not a pulsed or modulated DC voltage.

Frequency [Hz]
ebm-papst AC fans are made for operating frequencies of 50 Hz or 60 Hz. Their technical data changes accordingly.

Air flow [m^3/h, cfm]
The air performance of the fan in free air operation, i.e. the fan blows into the free space without static pressure increase.

Fan curves
The fan curves are determined in accordance with DIN ISO 5801 specifications on a dual-chamber test stand with intake side measurement. This measurement technique closely approximates the operating conditions experienced in typical applications for fans and yields realistic performance curves. The curves apply to an air density of ρ =1.2 kg/m^3 corresponding to an air pressure of 1013 mbar at 20 °C. Variations in air density affect pressure



generation, but not the flow rate. The pressure generated at other air densities can be estimated with the formula $\Delta\rho 2 = \Delta\rho 1\ (\rho 2 / \rho 1)$.
The nominal speed values, air flow and power consumption listed in the table were measured in free air operation with horizontal shaft at an ambient temperature of 20 +5 °C, air density ρ =1.2 kg/m^3 after a warmup period of 5 min.

Optimum operating range
The optimum operating range is always indicated in the colored area in the air performance diagrams. In this range the fans operate best with respect to efficiency and sound level. Within this optimum operating range the sound level only fluctuates slightly.

Noise [dB(A), Bel(A)]

1. Sound pressure level – dB(A)
Noise ratings of the fan in free air operation, i.e. at maximum flow rate.

2. Sound power level 1 Bel(A) = 10 dB(A)
Extent of the overall sound radiation of the fan. The sound power level is determined in the optimum operating range.

PAPST Sintec® sleeve bearings
A particularly economical bearing system with excellent advantages:
– Very precise, large sintered bearings
– Low running noise
– High service life expectancy
– Resistant to shock and vibration

Ball bearings
Precision ball bearings for particularly high ambient temperatures and high service life expectancy.

Power consumption [watts]
Input performance of the fan motor when operating free blowing at nominal voltage. Depending on the operating condition in the application, the power consumption may be higher.

Temperature range [°C]
The admissible ambient temperature range within which the fan can be expected to run continuously.

Service life [h]

Service life L_{10} at 40 °C and T_{max}
Standard figures for service life at ebm-papst. These two temperatures are based on intensive, in-house endurance tests and on experience from more than 60 years developing fans.

Life expectancy L_{10IPC} (40 °C)
Information calculated in line with the standard IPC 9591. Data based on the internal life expectancy at 70 °C, more optimistically extrapolated to 40 °C.

We expressly state that none of the information or data in this catalog is to be construed as a guarantee or warranty of properties.

Unit conversion

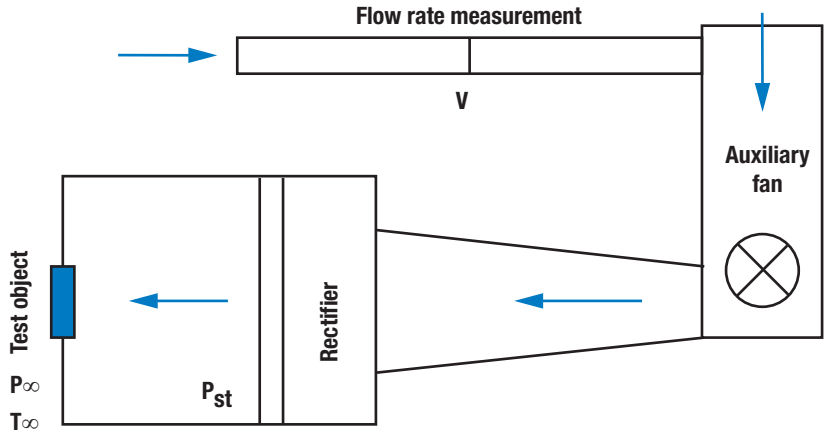
Air flow	Pressure
1 cfm = 1.7 m^3/h	1 Pa = 1x10^{-5} bar
1 l/s = 3.6 m^3/h	1 inch H_2O = 249 Pa
1 l/min = 0.06 m^3/h	1 mm H_2O = 9.81 Pa

Subject to technical changes.
We do not support aerospace applications with our products.
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Standard test equipment to determine the fan characteristics

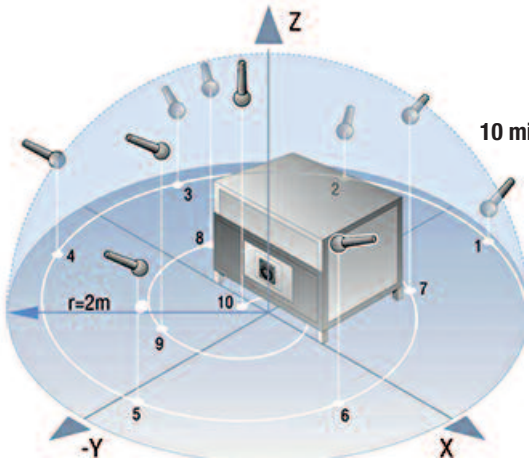
Pressure/air flow

Blow-down test facility acc. to ISO 5801



Sound power level pressure/air flow:

Outlet side regulated test rig in semi-anechoic chamber according to ISO 10302



10 microphones (r = 2 m)

