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# DNX³ MCB 4500 A / 6 kA
# Phase + Neutral, neutral on left side

**Cat. N°(s): 4 068 75, 4 068 76, 4 068 77, 4 068 78, 4 068 79, 4 068 81, 4 068 82, 4 068 83, 4 068 84, 4 068 85, 4 068 86, 4 068 87**



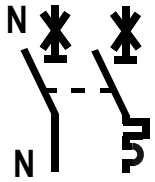
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## 1. DESCRIPTION - USE

Thermal-magnetic circuit breaker (MCB) with positive contact indication for control, protection against short-circuits and overloads, and isolation of electrical circuits.

**Symbol:**




**Technology:**
. Limiting device
. The Neutral contact closes before and opens after the Phase contact
. The Phase pole provides protection and isolation for the Phase circuit
. The neutral pole provides isolation for the Neutral circuit

## 2. RANGE

**Polarity:**
. 2 poles including 1 protected pole and 1 neutral pole

**Width:**
. 1 module (17.8 mm)

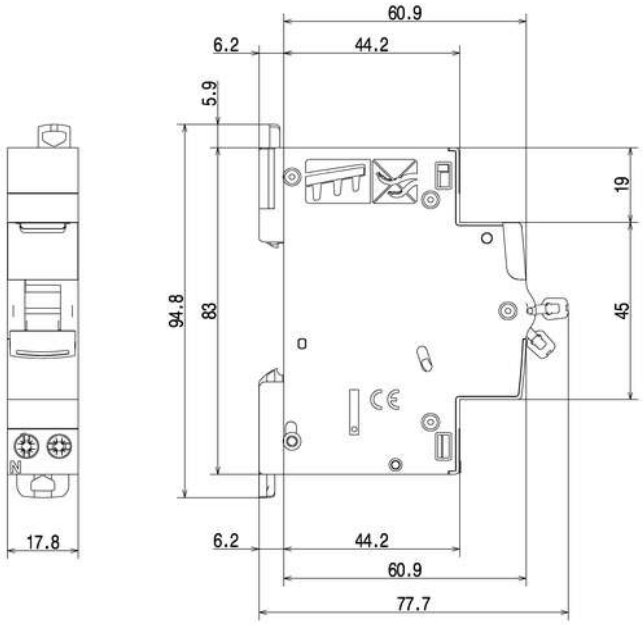
**Rated currents In:**
.1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 6 / 10 / 13 / 16 / 20 / 25 / 32 / 40 A

**Magnetic tripping curves:**
. C curve (between 5 and 10 In)

**Rated voltage and frequency:**
. 230 V ~, 50 Hz with standard tolerances
. 240 V ~, 50 Hz with standard tolerances

**Breaking capacity:**
. Icn = 4500 A in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60898-1
. Icu = 6 kA in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2

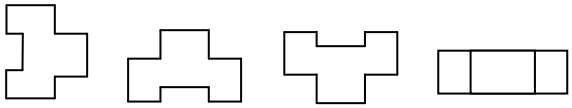
## 3. OVERALL DIMENSIONS




## 4. POSITIONING - CONNECTION

**Mounting:**
. On symmetrical EN 60.715 rail or DIN 35 rail

**Operating position:**
.Vertical Horizontal Upside down On the side



**Power supply:**
. Either from the top or the bottom

## 4. POSITIONING - CONNECTION *(continued)*

### Connection:

. Terminals protected against direct contact IP20, wired device

At the top

. Terminals for supply busbars

. Alignment and spacing of the terminals permitting connection with the other products in the range via prong supply busbars

At the bottom

. Cage terminals, with release and captive screws

. Terminals fitted with shutters preventing a cable being placed under the terminal, with the terminal partly open or closed

. Alignment and spacing of the terminals permitting connection with the other products in the range via prong supply busbars

. Terminal depth: 13 mm

. Screw head: mixed, slotted and Pozidriv no. 2

. Tightening torques:

- Recommended: 1.6 to 2 Nm
- Min.: 1,2 Nm
- Max.: 2,8 Nm

### Conductor type:

At the top

. Prong busbar

At the bottom

. Copper cable

. Cable cross-section

| | Without ferrule | With ferrule |
|---|---|---|
| Rigid cable | **1 x 0.75 to 16 mm²<br>2 x 0.75 to 6 mm²** | - |
| Flexible cable | **1 x 0.75 to 10 mm²<br>2 x 0.75 to 4 mm²** | **1 x 0.75 to 10 mm²** |

### Recommended tools:

. For the terminals at the bottom, screwdriver with 5.5 mm blade or Pozidriv no. 2 screwdriver

. For attaching or removing the DIN rail, screwdriver with 5,5 mm blade or Pozidriv no. 2 screwdriver

### Manual actuation of the MCB:

. Ergonomic 2-position handle

. "O-OFF": Device open

. "O-ON": Device closed

### Contact status display:

. By marking of the handle

- "O-OFF" in white on a green background = contacts open
- "I-ON" in white on a red background = contacts closed

### Locking:

. Padlocks possible in the open and closed positions with padlock support (Cat. No. 4 063 03) and Ø5 mm padlock (Cat. No. 4 063 13) or Ø6 mm padlock (Cat. No. 0 227 97)

## 4. POSITIONING - CONNECTION *(continued)*

### Sealing:

. Possible in the open or closed positions

### Labelling:

. Circuit identification by way of a label inserted in the label holder situated on the front of the product.



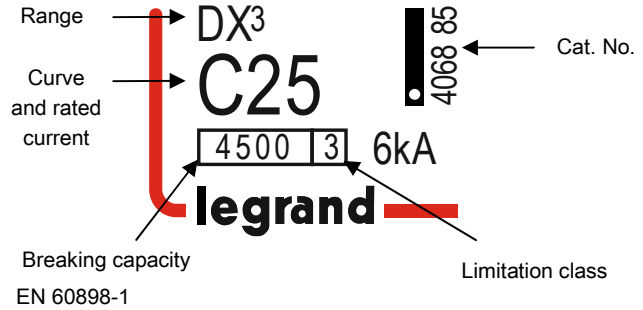




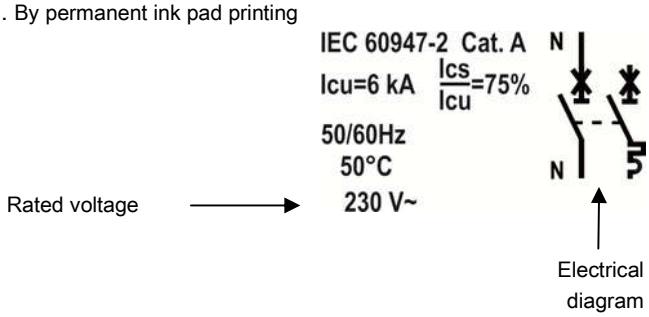

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Neutral earthing system:**
. IT, TT, TN

**Marking on the front side:**
. By permanent ink pad printing




**Marking on the upper panel:**
. By permanent ink pad printing




. The terminals upstream and downstream of the neutral pole are marked with an "N" moulded close to the screw heads.

**Minimum operating voltage:**
. U = 12 V AC / DC

**Maximum operating voltage:**
. U = 250 V / 50Hz

**Breaking capacity on one single pole (phase pole):**
. In accordance with $I_{IT}$ EN/IEC 60947-2 – Appendix H ( double fault in IT system ): 1,5 kA at 400 V ~ and 3 kA at 230 V~
. In accordance with Icn1 EN/IEC 60898-1: 4,5 kA at 230 V ~ and 10 kA at 127V~

**Breaking capacity:**

| Standard | Breaking capacity | Voltage between poles | Breaking capacity |
|---|---|---|---|
| EN/IEC 60898-1 | Ics | 127 V | **6 kA** |
| | Icn | | **6 kA** |
| | Ics | 230 V | **4,5 kA** |
| | Icn | | **4,5 kA** |
| EN/IEC 60947-2 | Icu | 230 V | **6 kA** |
| | Ics | | **75% Icu** |

**Isolation distance:**
. The distance between the contacts is greater than 5.5 mm with the handle in the open position.
. The MCB is suitable for isolation in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60898-1.

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

**Insulation voltage:**
. Ui = 250 V in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60898-1

**Degree of pollution:**
. 2 in accordance with EN/IEC 60898-1

**Dielectric strength:**
. 2000 V

**Rated impulse withstand voltage:**
. Uimp = 4 kV

**Degree or class of protection:**
. Terminals protected against direct contact. Class of protection against solid objects and liquids (wired device): IP20 in accordance with standards IEC 529 – EN 60529 and NF 20-010
. Front panel protected against direct contact: IP40
. Class II in relation to metallic conductive parts
. Class of protection against mechanical impacts IK02 in accordance with standard EN 62262.

**Plastic materials:**
. Polyamide and P.B.T.

**Enclosure heat and fire resistance:**
. Resistance to glow wire tests at 960°C, in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60898-1
. Classification V2, in accordance with standard UL94

**Higher heating potential:**
. The heat potential is assessed at: 1.35 MJ

**Closing and opening force via the handle:**
. 2 N on opening
. 9 N on closing

**Mechanical endurance:**
. Compliant with standard EN/IEC 60898-1
. Tested with 20000 operations with no load

**Electrical endurance:**
. Compliant with standard EN/IEC 60898-1
. Tested with 10000 operations with load (In x Cos φ 0.9)

**Sinusoidal vibration resistance in accordance with IEC 60068.2.6:**
. Axes: x – y – z
. Frequency: 10 to 55 Hz
. Acceleration: 3g (1g = 9.81m.s$^{-2}$)

**Resistance to tremors:**
. In accordance with standard EN/IEC 60898-1

**Ambient temperatures:**
. Operation: from - 25°C to + 70°C
. Storage: from - 40°C to + 70°C

**DC operation:**
. 60 V DC:
- Icn = 4500 A in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60898-1
- Magnetic threshold overrating:
  C curve: 5 to 15 In

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

### Frequency:

. Operation at 400 Hz: yes
. Magnetic tripping depending on the frequency
- from 16 $^{2/3}$ Hz to 60 Hz: no correction
- 400 Hz: the magnetic tripping threshold increases by 45%

### Packaged volume:

| Packaging | Volume ($dm^3$) |
|---|---|
| **Per 1** | **0.195** |
| **Per 10** | **1.62** |

### Average unit weight per catalogue number:

. 0.11 kg

### Derating of MCBs function of the number of devices placed side by side:

When several MCBs are installed side by side and operate simultaneously, the heat dissipation of one pole is limited. This results in an increased operating temperature for the circuit breakers which may cause false tripping. Applying the following coefficients to the operating currents is recommended.

| Number of MCBs side by side | Coefficient |
|---|---|
| 2 - 3 | **0.9** |
| 4 - 5 | **0.8** |
| 6 - 9 | **0.7** |
| ≥ 10 | **0.6** |

These values are given in the IEC 60439-1 recommendation and NF C 63421 and EN 60439-1 standards.
In order to avoid having to use these coefficients there must be good ventilation and the devices must be kept apart using the spacing elements Cat. No. 4 063 07 (0.5 module).

### Derating of MCBs in the event of use with fluorescent tubes:

Electronic or ferromagnetic ballasts provide a high inrush current for a very short time. These currents are liable to cause tripping of the circuit breakers.
The maximum number of ballasts per MCB stated by the lamp and ballast manufacturers in their catalogues should be taken into account during installation.

### Influence of the altitude:

| | ≤2000 m | 3000 m | 4000 m | 5000 m |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dielectric strength | **2000 V** | **1750 V** | **1500 V** | **1250 V** |
| Maximum opereting voltage | **230 V** | **230 V** | **230 V** | **230 V** |
| Derating at 30°C | **none** | **none** | **none** | **none** |

### Power dissipated in W for the phase pole in In:

. MCBs in In/Un

| Rated current | 1 A | 2 A | 3 A | 4 A | 6 A | 10 A | 13A | 16 A | 20 A | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| P(W) Phase pole | **2.4** | **2.4** | **2.1** | **2.6** | **2.5** | **1.6** | **3.1** | **3.3** | **4** | **4.2** | **3.3** | **5.6** |
| P(W) Neutral pole | **0.003** | **0.02** | **0.03** | **0.05** | **0.1** | **0.3** | **0.6** | **1.1** | **1.2** | **1.1** | **1.6** | **2.8** |

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

### Derating of MCBs depending on the ambient temperature:

. The nominal characteristics of a circuit breaker are modified depending on the ambient temperature which prevails in the cabinet or enclosure where the MCBs is located.
. Reference temperature: 30°C in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60898-1.

| In (A) | -25 °C | -10 °C | 0 °C | 10 °C | 20 °C | 30 °C | 40 °C | 50 °C | 60 °C | 70 °C |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | **1.25** | **1.2** | **1.15** | **1.1** | **1.05** | **1** | **0.95** | **0.9** | **0.85** | **0.8** |
| 2 | **2.5** | **2.4** | **2.3** | **2.2** | **2.1** | **2** | **1.9** | **1.8** | **1.7** | **1.6** |
| 3 | **3.75** | **3.6** | **3.45** | **3.3** | **3.15** | **3** | **2.8** | **2.7** | **2.55** | **2.4** |
| 4 | **5** | **4.8** | **4.6** | **4.4** | **4.2** | **4** | **3.8** | **3.6** | **3.4** | **3.2** |
| 6 | **7.5** | **7.2** | **6.9** | **6.6** | **6.3** | **6** | **5.7** | **5.4** | **5.1** | **4.8** |
| 10 | **12.5** | **12** | **11.5** | **11** | **10.5** | **10** | **9.5** | **9** | **8.5** | **8** |
| 13 | **16.25** | **15.6** | **14.95** | **14.3** | **13.65** | **13** | **12.35** | **11.7** | **11.05** | **10.4** |
| 16 | **20** | **19.2** | **18.4** | **17.6** | **16.8** | **16** | **15.2** | **14.4** | **13.6** | **12.8** |
| 20 | **25** | **24** | **23** | **22** | **21** | **20** | **19** | **18** | **17** | **16** |
| 25 | **31.25** | **30** | **28.7** | **27.5** | **26.2** | **25** | **23.7** | **22.5** | **21.2** | **20** |
| 32 | **40** | **38.4** | **36.8** | **35.2** | **33.6** | **32** | **30.4** | **28.8** | **27.2** | **25.6** |
| 40 | **50** | **48** | **46** | **44** | **42** | **40** | **38** | **36** | **34** | **32** |

### Association and coordination of a MCB with a protective device located upstream:

This association allows a device's breaking capacity to be increased by combining it with another protective device placed upstream.
This combination makes it possible to use a downstream device with a breaking capacity which is lower than the maximum prospective short-circuit current at its installation point.

### Association and coordination with upstream fuses:

. Three-phase network (+N) 230/400 V or 240/415 V in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2
. TT neutral earthing or TNS system

| | | Upstream fuse | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | gG and aM types | | | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | ≤20 A | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A | 160 A |
| DX³ P+N 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 10 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 13 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 16 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 20 A | - | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 25 A | - | - | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **16 kA** |
| | 32 A | - | - | - | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **16 kA** |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | - | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **16 kA** |

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

**Association and coordination with upstream MCBs:**

. Three-phase network (+N) 230/400 V or 240/415 V in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2

. TT neutral earthing or TNS system

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ P+N 1 module | | | | | DX³ 6000 / 10 kA B, C and D curves | | | |
| | | DX³ 6000 / 10 kA B and C curves | | | | DX³ 10000 / 16 kA C curve | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | ≤20 A | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | ≤20 A | ≤32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **16 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 10 A | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **16 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 13 A | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **16 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 16 A | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **16 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 20 A | - | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 25 A | - | - | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 32 A | - | - | - | **10 kA** | - | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | - | | - | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 10000 / 16 kA B, C and D curves | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | ≤ 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **32 kA** | **32 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 10 A | **32 kA** | **32 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 13 A | **32 kA** | **32 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 16 A | **32 kA** | **32 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 20 A | **32 kA** | **32 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 25 A | - | **32 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 32 A | - | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

**Association and coordination with upstream MCBs:**

. Three-phase network (+N) 230/400 V or 240/415 V in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2

. TT neutral earthing or TNS system

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 25 kA B, C and D curves | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | ≤ 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 10 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 13 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 16 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 20 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 25 A | - | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 32 A | - | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 36 kA C curve | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | ≤ 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 10 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 13 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 16 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 20 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 25 A | - | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 32 A | - | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

**Association and coordination with upstream MCBs:**

. Three-phase network (+N) 230/400 V or 240/415 V in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2

. TT neutral earthing or TNS system

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 50 kA B, C and D curves | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | ≤ 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curves | ≤ 6 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 10 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 13 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 16 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 20 A | **50 kA** | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 25 A | - | **50 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 32 A | - | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |

**Association and coordination with upstream Moulded Case Circuit Breakers (MCCBs):**

. Three-phase network (+N) 230/400 V or 240/415 V in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2

. TT neutral earthing or TNS system

| | | Upstream MCCB | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DPX³ 160 16 kA | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCCB | | 16 A | 25 A | 40 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A | 160 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** |
| | 10 A | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** |
| | 13 A | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** |
| | 16 A | - | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** |
| | 20 A | - | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** |
| | 25 A | - | - | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** | **22 kA** |
| | 32 A | - | - | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** |

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

**Association and coordination with upstream Moulded Case Circuit Breakers (MCCBs):**

. Three-phase network (+N) 230/400 V or 240/415 V in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2

. TT neutral earthing or TNS system

| | | Upstream MCCB | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DPX³ 160 25 kA, 36 kA & 50 kA | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 16 A | 25 A | 40 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A | 160 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 10 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 13 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 16 A | - | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 20 A | - | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 25 A | - | - | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 32 A | - | - | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** |

| | | Upstream MCCB | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DPX 250 ER ≤ 50 kA | | | DPX 250 ER AB 36 kA | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 100 A | 160 A | 250 A | 90 A | 130 A | 170 A | 240 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 10 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 13 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 16 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 20 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 25 A | **20 kA** | **20 kA** | **20 kA** | **20 kA** | **20 kA** | **20 kA** | **20 kA** |
| | 32 A | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** |
| | 40 A | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** | **10 kA** |

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

**Association and coordination with upstream Moulded Case Circuit Breakers (MCCBs):**

. Three-phase network (+N) 230/400 V or 240/415 V in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2

. TT neutral earthing or TNS system

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DPX³ 250 ≤ 70 kA Thermal-magnetic | | | | DPX³ 250 ≤ 70 kA Electronic | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 100 A | 160 A | 200 A | 250 A | 40 A | 100 A | 160 A | 250 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 10 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 13 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 16 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 20 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 25 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 32 A | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** |
| | 40 A | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **-** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** |

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DPX 250 36 kA / DPX -H 250 70 kA / DPX -L 250 100 kA Thermal-magnetic | | | | | | DPX 250 36 kA / DPX -H 250 70 kA / DPX -L 250 100 kA Electronic | | | |
| Downstreaml MCB | | 25 A | 40 A | 63 A | 100 A | 160 A | 250 A | 40 A | 100 A | 160 A | 250 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 10 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 13 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 16 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 20 A | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** | **30 kA** |
| | 25 A | **-** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 32 A | **-** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** |
| | 40 A | **-** | **-** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **-** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** |

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

**Association and coordination with upstream Moulded Case Circuit Breakers (MCCBs):**

. Three-phase network (+N) 230/400 V or 240/415 V in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2

. TT neutral earthing or TNS system

| | | Upstream MCCB | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | DPX 400 AB 36 kA | |
| Downstream MCB | | 320 A | 400 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 10 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 13 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 16 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 20 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 25 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 32 A | **16 kA** | **16 kA** |
| | 40 A | **16 kA** | **16 kA** |

| | | Upstream MCCB | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DPX 630 36 kA / DPX -H 630 70 kA / DPX -L 630 100 kA Thermal-magnetic | | | | | DPX 630 36 kA / DPX -H 630 70 kA / DPX -L 630 100 kA Electronic | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 250 A | 320 A | 400 A | 500 A | 630 A | 160 A | 250 A | 400 A | 630 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 10 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 13 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 16 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 20 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 25 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 32 A | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** |
| | 40 A | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** | **16 kA** |

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

### Association and coordination with upstream Moulded Case Circuit Breakers (MCCBs):

. Three-phase network (+N) 230/400 V or 240/415 V in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2
. TT neutral earthing or TNS system

| | | Upstream MCCB | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | DPX 1250 50 kA / DPX –H 1250 70 kA / DPX -L 1250 100 kA | DPX 1600 36 kA / DPX -H 1600 70 kA Electronic |
| Downstream MCB | | 500 A to 1250 A | 630 A to 1000 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 10 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 13 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 16 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 20 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 25 A | **25 kA** | **25 kA** |
| | 32 A | **10 kA** | **10 kA** |
| | 40 A | **10 kA** | **10 kA** |

### Selectivity between two levels of protection

. The downstream MCB must always have a magnetic threshold and a rated current lower than those of the upstream protection.
. Selectivity or Discrimination is said to be total (T) if there is discrimination up to the value of breaking capacity (in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2) of the downstream MCB.

### Discrimination with upstream fuses:

. Discrimination limit with a voltage of 230 V ~ (Values in A)

| | | Upstream fuse | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | gG cartridge | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A | 160 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **1300** | **1900** | **2500** | **4000** | **4600** | **T** | **T** | **T** |
| | 10 A | **-** | **1600** | **2200** | **3200** | **3600** | **T** | **T** | **T** |
| | 13 A | **-** | **1400** | **1800** | **2600** | **3000** | **T** | **T** | **T** |
| | 16 A | **-** | **1400** | **1800** | **2600** | **3000** | **5600** | **T** | **T** |
| | 20 A | **-** | **1200** | **1500** | **2200** | **2500** | **4600** | **T** | **T** |
| | 25 A | **-** | **-** | **1300** | **2000** | **2200** | **4100** | **5500** | **T** |
| | 32 A | **-** | **-** | **1200** | **1700** | **1900** | **3500** | **4500** | **T** |
| | 40 A | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **1700** | **3000** | **4000** | **T** |

. T = Total discrimination

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

**Discrimination with upstream fuses:**

. Discrimination limit with a voltage of 230 V ~ (Values in A)

| | | Upstream fuse | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | aM cartridge | | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A | 160 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | 1000 | 1600 | 2100 | 3200 | T | T | T | T | T |
| | 10 A | - | 1100 | 1700 | 2500 | 5000 | T | T | T | T |
| | 13 A | - | 1000 | 1400 | 2100 | 4000 | T | T | T | T |
| | 16 A | - | 1000 | 1400 | 2100 | 4000 | T | T | T | T |
| | 20 A | - | - | 1300 | 1800 | 3400 | 5100 | T | T | T |
| | 25 A | - | - | 1100 | 1600 | 3000 | 4500 | T | T | T |
| | 32 A | - | - | - | 1300 | 2400 | 3800 | 5000 | T | T |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | - | 2100 | 3100 | 4200 | T | T |

**Discrimination with upstream MCBs:**

. Discrimination limit with a voltage of 230 V ~ (Values in A)

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 4500 / 6 kA - DX³ 6000 / 10 kA - DX³ 10000 / 16 kA B curve | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 10 A | 13 A | 16 A | 20 A | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | - | 52 | 64 | 80 | 100 | 128 | 160 | 200 | 252 | 4000 | T | T |
| | 10 A | - | - | - | 80 | 100 | 128 | 160 | 200 | 252 | 3000 | 5000 | T |
| | 13 A | - | - | - | - | 100 | 128 | 160 | 200 | 252 | 2500 | 4000 | 6000 |
| | 16 A | - | - | - | - | - | 128 | 160 | 200 | 252 | 2000 | 3600 | 5500 |
| | 20 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | 160 | 200 | 252 | 1600 | 3000 | 4000 |
| | 25 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 200 | 252 | 1300 | 2400 | 3300 |
| | 32 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 252 | 1000 | 1800 | 2700 |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 800 | 1600 | 2400 |

. T = Total discrimination

. Selectivity or Discrimination is said to be total (T) if there is discrimination up to the value of breaking capacity (in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2) of the downstream MCB.

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

**Discrimination with upstream MCBs:**

. Discrimination limit with a voltage of 230 V ~ (Values in A)

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 3000 - DX³ 4500 / 4,5 kA - DX³ 4500 / 6 kA - DX³ 6000 / 10 kA - DX³ 10000 / 16 kA C curve | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 10 A | 13 A | 16 A | 20 A | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **75** | **98** | **120** | **150** | **187** | **240** | **300** | **375** | **472** | **4000*** | **T*** | **T*** |
| | 10 A | **-** | **98** | **120** | **150** | **187** | **240** | **300** | **375** | **472** | **3000** | **5000*** | **T*** |
| | 13 A | **-** | **-** | **120** | **150** | **187** | **240** | **300** | **375** | **472** | **2500** | **4000*** | **6000*** |
| | 16 A | **-** | **-** | **-** | **150** | **187** | **240** | **300** | **375** | **472** | **2000** | **3600*** | **5500*** |
| | 20 A | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **187** | **240** | **300** | **375** | **472** | **1600** | **3000** | **4000*** |
| | 25 A | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **240** | **300** | **375** | **472** | **1300** | **2400** | **3300*** |
| | 32 A | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **300** | **375** | **472** | **1000** | **1800** | **2700** |
| | 40 A | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **375** | **472** | **800** | **1600** | **2400** |

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 4500 / 6 kA - DX³ 6000A - DX³ 6000 / 10 kA - DX³ 10000 / 16 kA D curve | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 10 A | 13 A | 16 A | 20 A | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA courbe C | ≤ 6 A | **120** | **156** | **192** | **240** | **300** | **384** | **480** | **600** | **756** | **4000** | **T** | **T** |
| | 10 A | **-** | **-** | **192** | **240** | **300** | **384** | **480** | **600** | **756** | **3000** | **5000** | **T** |
| | 13 A | **-** | **-** | **-** | **240** | **300** | **384** | **480** | **600** | **756** | **2500** | **4000** | **6000** |
| | 16 A | **-** | **-** | **-** | **240** | **300** | **384** | **480** | **600** | **756** | **2000** | **3600** | **5500** |
| | 20 A | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **300** | **384** | **480** | **600** | **756** | **1600** | **3000** | **4000** |
| | 25 A | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **384** | **480** | **600** | **756** | **1300** | **2400** | **3300** |
| | 32 A | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **480** | **600** | **756** | **1100** | **1450** | **2700** |
| | 40 A | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **600** | **756** | **1000** | **1250** | **2400** |

. T = Total discrimination

. Selectivity or Discrimination is said to be total (T) if there is discrimination up to the value of breaking capacity (in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2) of the downstream MCB.

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

**Discrimination with upstream MCBs:**

. Discrimination limit with a voltage of 230 V ~ (Values in A)

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 25 kA B curve | | | | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 10 A | 16 A | 20 A | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | - | 64 | 80 | 100 | 700 | 1200 | 1500 | 3000 | 4000 | T | T |
| | 10 A | - | - | 80 | 100 | 500 | 700 | 1200 | 1800 | 3000 | 5000 | T |
| | 13 A | - | - | - | 100 | 400 | 600 | 1000 | 1500 | 2500 | 4000 | T |
| | 16 A | - | - | - | - | 300 | 500 | 700 | 1300 | 2000 | 3600 | 5500 |
| | 20 A | - | - | - | - | - | 400 | 500 | 1000 | 1600 | 3000 | 4000 |
| | 25 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | 500 | 800 | 1300 | 2400 | 3300 |
| | 32 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | 500 | 600 | 1000 | 1800 | 2700 |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 600 | 800 | 1600 | 2400 |

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 25 kA C curve | | | | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 10 A | 16 A | 20 A | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | 75 | 120 | 150 | 187 | 700 | 1200 | 1500 | 3000 | 4000 | T | T |
| | 10 A | - | 120 | 150 | 187 | 500 | 700 | 1200 | 1800 | 3000 | 5000 | T |
| | 13 A | - | 120 | 150 | 187 | 400 | 600 | 1000 | 1500 | 2500 | 4000 | T |
| | 16 A | - | - | 150 | 187 | 300 | 500 | 700 | 1300 | 2000 | 3600 | 5500 |
| | 20 A | - | - | - | 187 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 1000 | 1600 | 3000 | 4000 |
| | 25 A | - | - | - | - | 240 | 400 | 500 | 800 | 1300 | 2400 | 3300 |
| | 32 A | - | - | - | - | - | 300 | 500 | 600 | 1000 | 1800 | 2700 |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | 400 | 600 | 800 | 1600 | 2400 |

. T = Total discrimination

. Selectivity or Discrimination is said to be total (T) if there is discrimination up to the value of breaking capacity (in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2) of the downstream MCB.

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

**Discrimination with upstream MCBs:**

. Discrimination limit with a voltage of 230 V ~ (Values in A)

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 25 kA Courbe D | | | | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 10 A | 16 A | 20 A | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A | 100 A | 125 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **120** | **192** | **240** | **500** | **700** | **1200** | **1500** | **3000** | **4000** | **T** | **T** |
| | 10 A | - | **192** | **240** | **300** | **500** | **700** | **1200** | **1800** | **3000** | **5000** | **T** |
| | 13 A | - | **120** | **150** | **187** | **400** | **600** | **1000** | **1500** | **2500** | **4000** | **T** |
| | 16 A | - | - | **240** | **300** | **384** | **500** | **700** | **1300** | **2000** | **3600** | **5500** |
| | 20 A | - | - | - | **300** | **384** | **480** | **600** | **1000** | **1600** | **3000** | **4000** |
| | 25 A | - | - | - | - | **384** | **480** | **600** | **800** | **1300** | **2400** | **3300** |
| | 32 A | - | - | - | - | - | **480** | **600** | **756** | **1100** | **1450** | **2700** |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | **600** | **756** | **1000** | **1250** | **2400** |

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 50 kA B curve | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 10 A | 16 A | 20 A | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | - | **64** | **170** | **500** | **700** | **1200** | **1500** | **3000** |
| | 10 A | - | - | **150** | **210** | **500** | **700** | **1000** | **1800** |
| | 13 A | - | - | - | **200** | **400** | **600** | **1000** | **1500** |
| | 16 A | - | - | - | - | **300** | **500** | **700** | **1300** |
| | 20 A | - | - | - | - | - | **400** | **500** | **1000** |
| | 25 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | **500** | **800** |
| | 32 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | **500** | **600** |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | **600** |

. T = Total discrimination

. Selectivity or Discrimination is said to be total (T) if there is discrimination up to the value of breaking capacity (in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2) of the downstream MCB.

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

**Discrimination with upstream MCBs:**

. Discrimination limit with a voltage of 230 V ~ (Values in A)

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 50 kA C curve | | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 10 A | 16 A | 20 A | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A | 80 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **75** | **120** | **170** | **500** | **700** | **1200** | **1500** | **3000** | **4000** |
| | 10 A | - | **120** | **150** | **210** | **500** | **700** | **1000** | **1800** | **3000** |
| | 13 A | - | **120** | **150** | **200** | **400** | **600** | **1000** | **1500** | **2500** |
| | 16 A | - | - | **150** | **187** | **300** | **500** | **700** | **1300** | **2000** |
| | 20 A | - | - | - | **187** | **300** | **400** | **500** | **1000** | **1600** |
| | 25 A | - | - | - | - | **240** | **400** | **500** | **800** | **1300** |
| | 32 A | - | - | - | - | - | **300** | **500** | **600** | **1000** |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | **400** | **600** | **800** |

| | | Upstream MCB | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | DX³ 50 kA D curve | | | | | | | |
| Downstream MCB | | 10 A | 16 A | 20 A | 25 A | 32 A | 40 A | 50 A | 63 A |
| DX³ 4500 / 6 kA C curve | ≤ 6 A | **120** | **192** | **240** | **500** | **700** | **1200** | **1500** | **3000** |
| | 10 A | - | **192** | **240** | **300** | **500** | **700** | **1000** | **1800** |
| | 13 A | - | - | **240** | **300** | **400** | **600** | **1000** | **1500** |
| | 16 A | - | - | **240** | **300** | **384** | **500** | **700** | **1300** |
| | 20 A | - | - | - | **300** | **384** | **480** | **600** | **1000** |
| | 25 A | - | - | - | - | **384** | **480** | **600** | **800** |
| | 32 A | - | - | - | - | - | **480** | **600** | **756** |
| | 40 A | - | - | - | - | - | - | **600** | **756** |

. T = Total discrimination

. Selectivity or Discrimination is said to be total (T) if there is discrimination up to the value of breaking capacity (in accordance with standard EN/IEC 60947-2) of the downstream MCB.

## 5. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

### Discrimination with upstream Moulded Case Circuit Breakers (MCCBs):

Discrimination limit with a voltage of 230 V ~ (Values in A)

| Downstream MCB | Upstream MCCB | |
|---|---|---|
| DX³ P+N<br>4500 / 6 kA<br>C curve | DPX and DPX³ all models<br>all ratings | DMX³ all models<br>all ratings |
| | T | T |

. T = Total discrimination

## 6. COMPLIANCE AND APPROVALS

### In accordance with standards:

. EN/IEC 60898-1

### Usage in special conditions:

. Category C compliant (testing temperature range from -25°C to +70°C, resistant to salt spray) in accordance with the classification defined in Appendix Q of standard IEC/EN 60947-1

### Respect for the environment – Compliance with European Union Directives:

. Compliance with Directive 2002/95/EC of 27/01/03 known as "RoHS" which provides for a restriction on the use of dangerous substances such as lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium and polybrominated biphenyl (PBB) and polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBDE) brominated flame retardants from 1st July 2006

. Compliance with the Directive 91/338/EEC of 18/06/91 and decree 94-647 of 27/07/04

### Plastic materials:

. Halogen free plastic materials.

. Labelling of parts compliant with ISO 11469 and ISO 1043.

### Packaging:

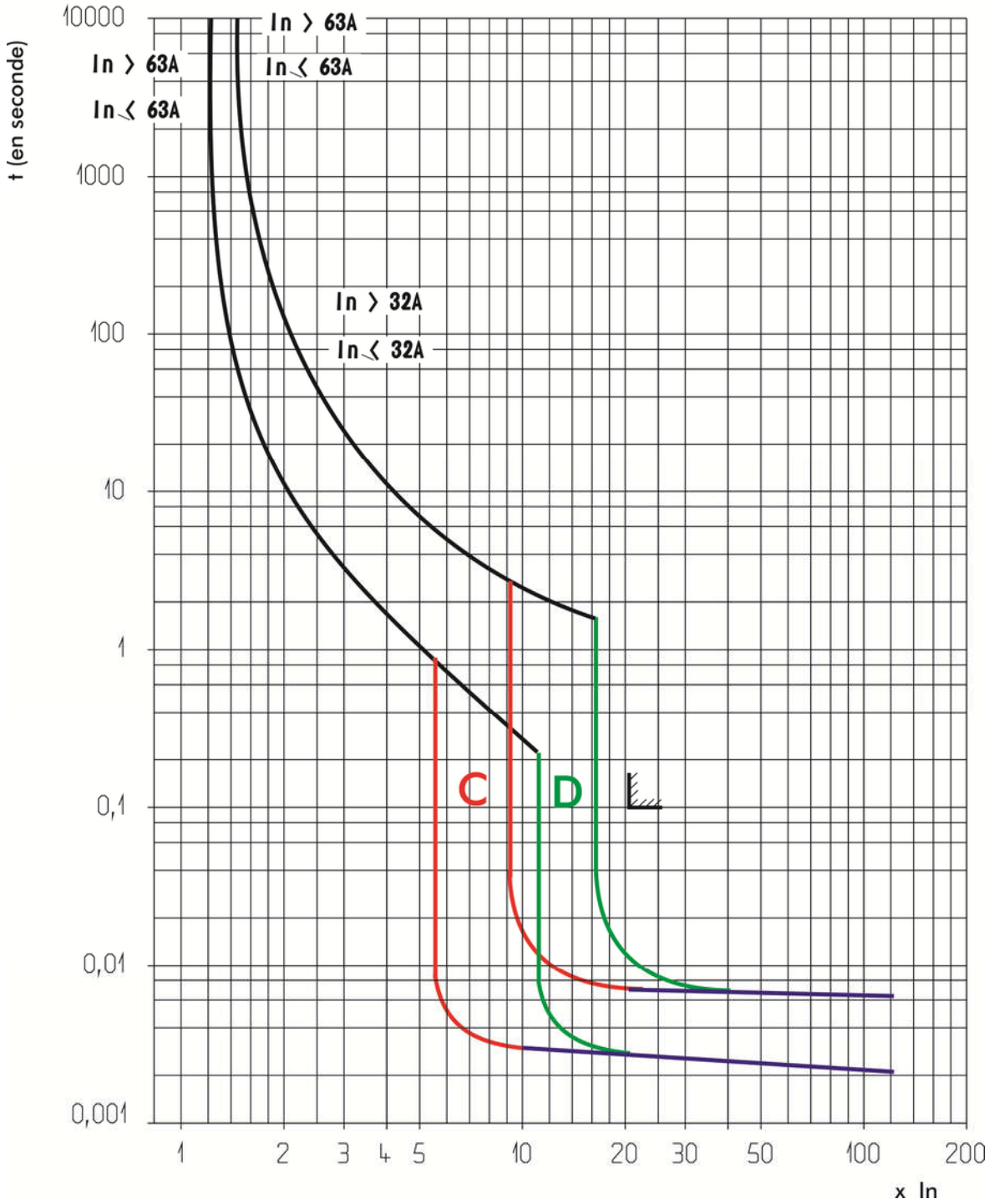
. Design and manufacture of packaging compliant with decree 98-638 of 20/07/98 and Directive 94/62/EC

### Approvals obtained:

. France: NF

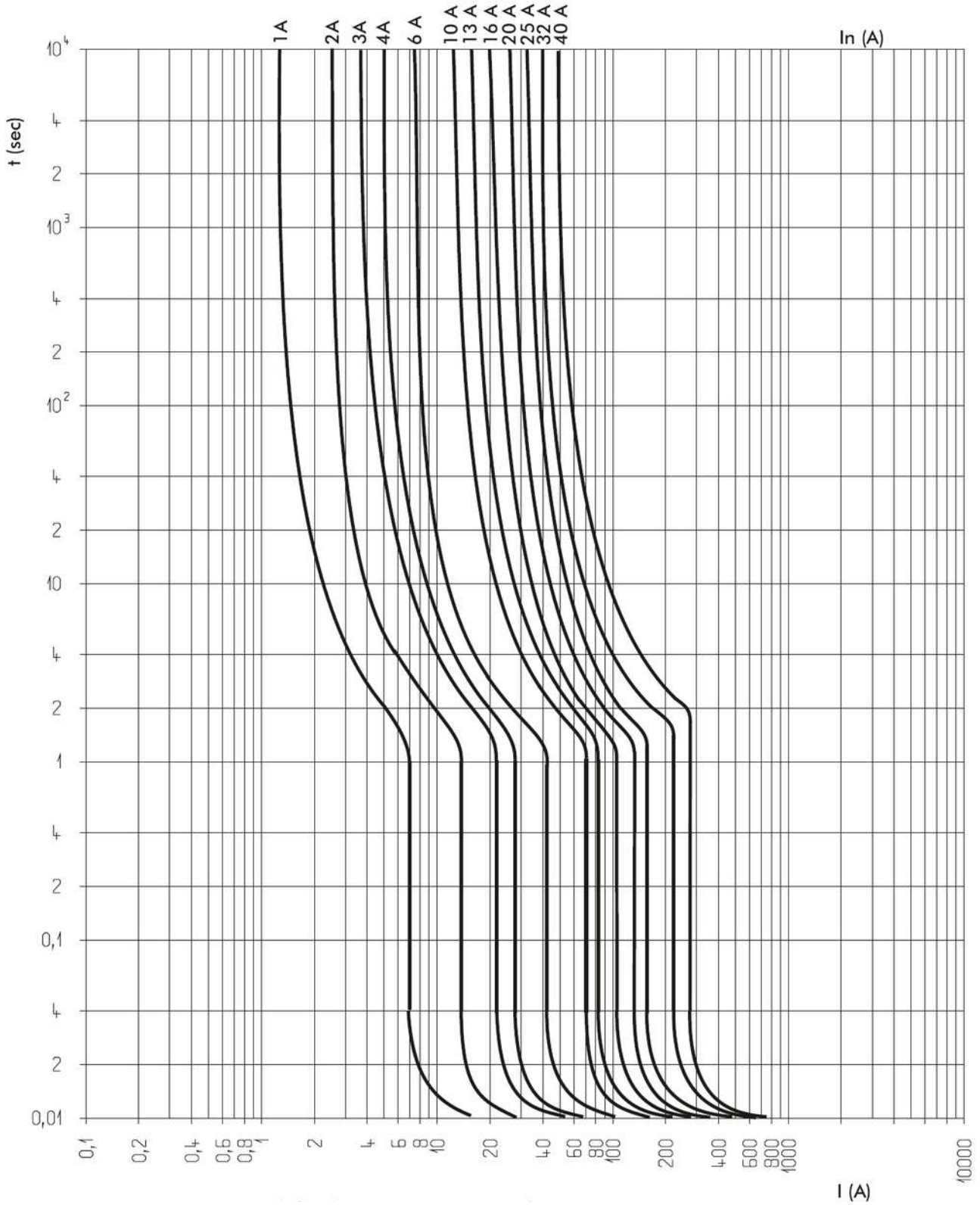
7. CURVES

**Thermal-magnetic tripping curve range typical of C and D curve MCBs:**



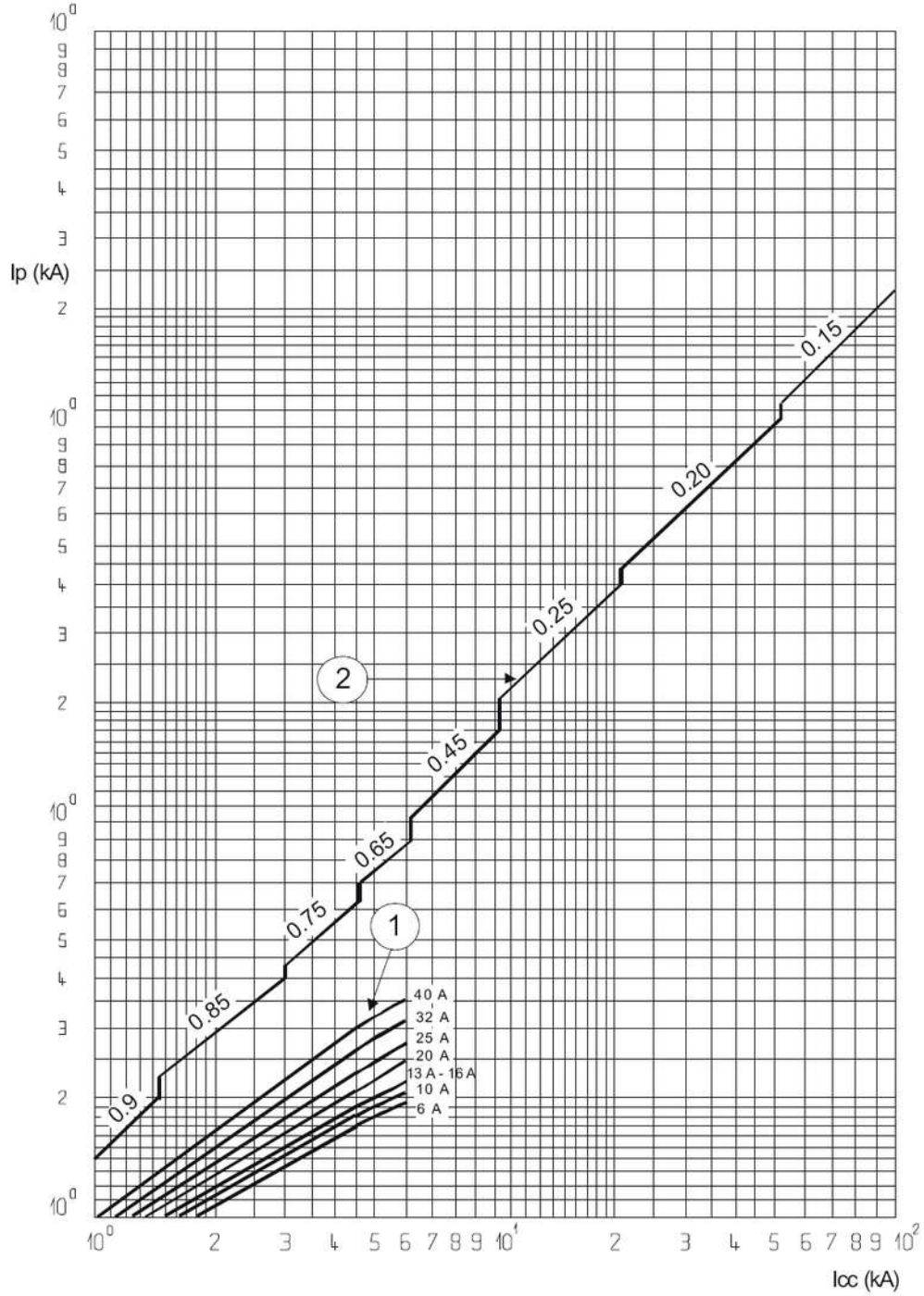
7. CURVES *(continued)*

**Average thermal-magnetic tripping curves range typical of C curve MCBs:**



7. CURVES *(continued)*

**Current limiting curves:**

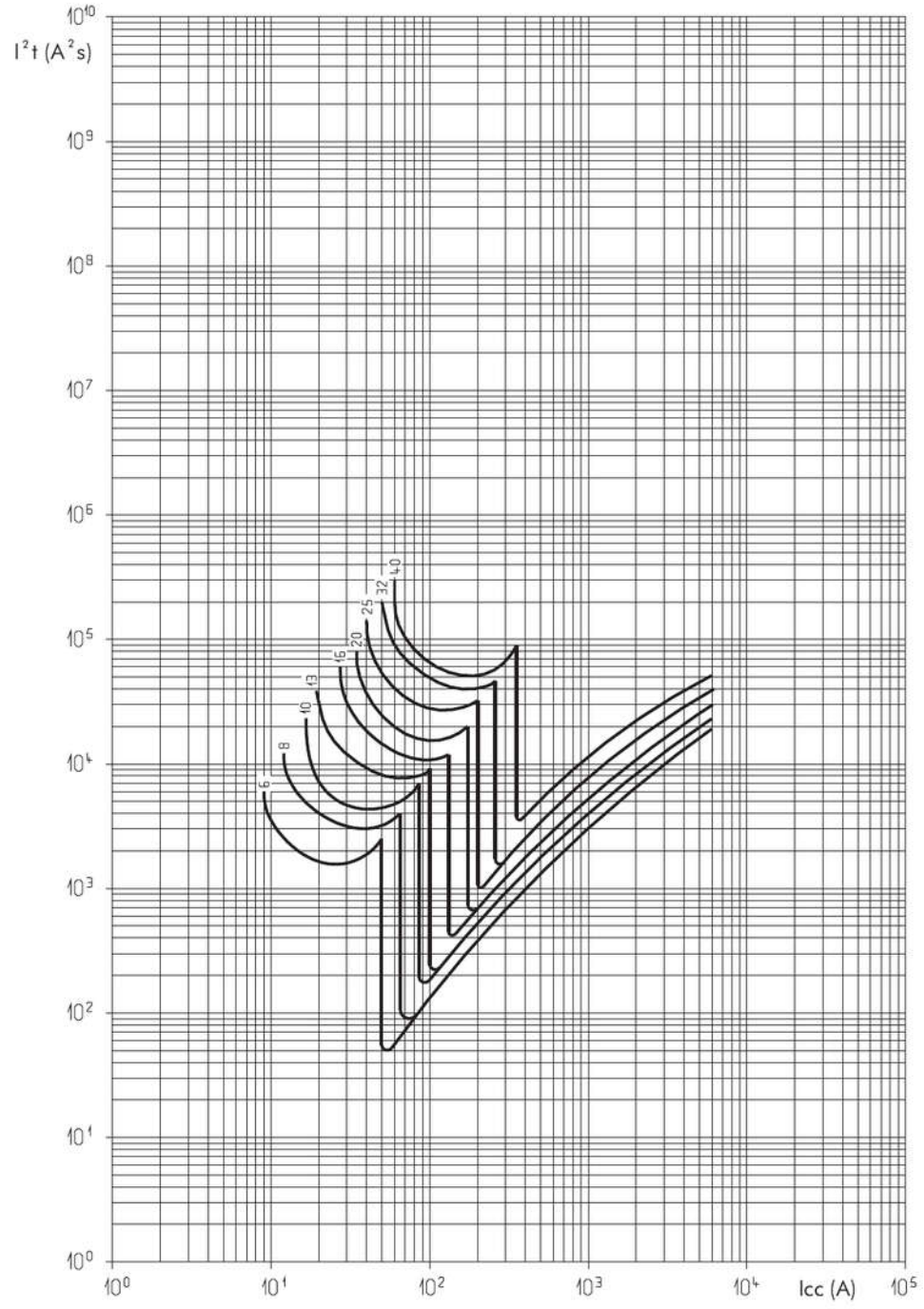



cc = Prospective short-circuit symmetrical current (rms value in kA)
Ip = Maximum peak value (in kA)
1 = Short-circuit rms currents (max. peak)
2 = Unlimited peak currents (max.), corresponding to power factors shown above (0.15 to 0.9)
NB: For 1 ,2 ,3 and 4A rating, the limited values are less than 1kA

## 7. CURVES *(continued)*

**Thermal stress limiting curves:**

. C curve MCBs (230V/50Hz)




Icc = prospective short-circuit symmetrical current (rms value in A)
I²t = limited thermal stress (in A²s)
NB:
-The 3A rating limits to values less than 6000 A²s
-The 2A rating limits to values less than 3000 A²s
-The 1A rating limits to values less than 1000 A²s

## 8. AUXILIARIES AND ACCESSORIES

### Wiring accessories:

. Supply busbar:
- HX³ single-pole universal supply busbar (Cat. No. 4 049 26, 37)
- HX³ 4-pole "screw" busbar (Cat. No. 4 052 10) and 4-pole "head of group" supply busbar (Cat. No. 4 052 00, 01, 02)

. Connection terminals (cat. No. 4 049 05)
. Sealable screwcover (cat. No. 4 063 04)

### Signalling auxiliaries:

. Auxiliary contact (0.5 module, Cat. No. 4 062 58)
. Fault signalling contact (0.5 module, Cat. No. 4 062 60)
. Auxiliary contact that can be changed into fault signalling contact (0.5 module, Cat. No. 4 062 62)
. Auxiliary contact + fault signalling contact that can be changed into 2 auxiliary contacts (1 module, Cat. No. 4 062 66)

### Control auxiliaries:

. Shunt trip (1 module, Cat. No. 4 062 76, 78)
. Under voltage release (1 module, Cat. No. 4 062 80, 82)
. Autonomous shunt trip release for N/C push-button (1.5 module, Cat. No. 4 062 87)
. Power Overvoltage Protection (1 module, Cat. No. 4 062 86)

### Motor driven control modules:

. Motor-driven control module (1 module, Cat. No. 4 062 91)
. Motor-driven control module with integrated automatic reset (2 modules, Cat. Nos. 4 062 93, 4 062 95)

### Possible combinations of auxiliaries and MCBs:

. The auxiliaries are installed to the left of the MCBs
. Maximum number of auxiliaries = 3
. Maximum number of 1 module signalling auxiliaries = 2
. Maximum number of control auxiliaries (Cat. Nos. 4 062 76 to 4 062 87) = 1
. The control auxiliary (trip Cat. Nos. 4 062 76 to 4 062 87) must mandatorily be placed to the left of the signalling auxiliaries (Cat. Nos. 4 062 58 to 4 062 66) where the auxiliaries from these 2 families are connected to the same MCB.

### Sealing:

. Possible in the open or closed positions

### Locking options:

. Via padlock 5 mm in diameter (Cat. No. 4 063 13) or padlock 6 mm in diameter (Cat. No. 0 227 97) and padlock support (Cat. No. 4 063 03)

### Installation software:

. XL PRO³